

# The Pensacola Journal

BY  
THE JOURNAL COMPANY.

FRANK L. MAYES ..... President and General Manager.

MEMBER THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

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PENSACOLA, FLORIDA, JANUARY 13, 1905.

## WESTERN STOCKMEN WANT GOVERNMENT STATISTICS.

Notwithstanding the fact that the Census Bureau's estimate of the cotton crop has been adversely criticised in the south, western farmers and stockmen are anxious for the bureau to extend its reports to live stock in order to protect them from misrepresentation by the meat trust. Under the head "Farmers Want the Figures," the Tampa Times says:

While some of the cotton growers of the south are kicking because of the census statistics of the crop collected and given out by the government, the live stock breeders of the west are demanding that the government include them in its work of gathering and distributing statistics. They say that every time the price of steers and hogs gets to where there is money for the producer the big meat trust makes the announcement that there is an immense overproduction of one or both, and then they put down the prices till the innocent stock raiser is squeezed within an inch of his life.

The big meat combine then proceeds to fill its houses with vast quantities of meat bought at these low prices on the hoof, and announces that there is a tremendous scarcity of meat, which of course justifies them in shutting down their factories and adding a few cents a pound to the cash extorted from the consumer.

Now, what these stock men want is the government to take an annual census of stock on the hoof of the number killed, and so forth. If that is done the stock raisers themselves will know whether cattle or hogs are scarce or plenty, and the customer will have the same information about the prepared meat. It is confidently asserted that these statistics will put an end to the power of the meat trust to whipsaw the producer and consumer. It does look like a reasonable and just proposition, and if the government is going to do things for the general good, this is one of the things that commend themselves.

## SCARCITY OF LABOR IN SOUTHERN STATES.

Commenting upon the alleged scarcity of labor, the Birmingham Ledger says:

The Birmingham Ledger admits frankly that it is confused on this question. It accepted the statement of papers and men of the black belt as a fact and thought there was really a lack of men to work the farms. So far as the real evidence goes, we can not find, after the figures are all in, the slightest evidence that there is any lack of labor, or the results of labor last year. The result of the year's work does away with any idea that there is a lack of labor.

The world does not want any larger cotton crop than was made last year. That is certain. Indeed the crop was so large last year that a fair part of the labor used to produce it was not really needed, and can be put to other work this year. We do not need so much labor on cotton farms this year as last.

The corn, hay and potato crops were larger last year than ever before and from no county in the state comes a single fact to substantiate the statement that there is a shortage of labor. The labor of the year harvested the largest crop the state ever made and no part of the state is shown to have suffered from a want of labor.

Put the labor given to cotton, to food crops and there will be plenty.

If the statement attributed to Admiral Doulassoff, the Russian member of the Commission of Inquiry into the North Sea incident, to the effect, substantially that Russia will conclude peace with Japan for the sole purpose of gaining time to prepare for further hostilities, conveys the true sentiment of his government, Russia is not entitled to the slightest consideration at the hands of enlightened people. The Powers of the world should see to it that any treaty that may be signed is adhered to to the letter.

If General Nogai's report of the war munitions turned over to the Japanese at Port Arthur is true, it will be hard to believe that the garrison was forced to the extremity of using blank cartridges to scare off the Japanese.

Now that stock speculator Keene has jumped into the limelight, apparently in support of Tom Lawson, developments of a decidedly interesting nature may be confidently expected.

The Swayne case will come up in congress again to-day. That is certainly the limit—Friday, and the thirtieth of the month at that.

## THE IMPROVEMENT OF RIVERS AND HARBORS.

(Jacksonville Times-Union.)

Mr. Burton, the chairman of the House committee on rivers and harbors, makes the suggestion that each State contribute one-third of the money needed for the rivers and harbors and there seems to be a disposition to favor this arrangement in certain quarters without influence to carry its convictions into effect. It is not without importance that Mr. Burton himself is losing favor as well as his ideas. But what will come of Federal control of our waters if the arrangement is made? We would ask a few questions and consider the answers before the vote is taken.

Originally the care of the rivers and harbors was given to the general government because it was not desirable that business regulations should differ and possibly conflict throughout the country. Will the United States allow the States power to make rules as well as to help pay for the work? In that case every port south of the Potomac, and all round our side the Gulf, would open its doors to the world's trade and New Orleans would again prove a real rival and competitor to New York. Shall we have this?

In the next place, why are we taxed, and taxed heavily too, if we get little or nothing in exchange? Who is to have the benefit of the revenue? Why not give to each State her own income, with permission to spend it, and so realize the dream of the Southern Confederacy? How long will the Union remain after our interests have been separated?

Why not turn over the potlatch to the States as well as the case of the waters? The aid given to rivers and harbors has been accepted as an acknowledgment of a national interest in our development, just as we spend more for the idea that it is a national interest to have a large navy. Why not turn over the potlatch to the States as well as the case of the waters? The aid given to rivers and harbors has been accepted as an acknowledgment of a national interest in our development, just as we spend more for the idea that it is a national interest to have a large navy.

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few days ago to the effect that the President knew all about the contracts which Mr. Morton made when he was connected with the Santa Fe Railroad Company, and that he was satisfied that Mr. Morton had done nothing wrong knowingly. There is some ground for doubting if the President ever made a statement of that sort. It will soon be known definitely, however, whether he did or not. If he did, his mind must have undergone a radical change in respect to those who knowingly violate the laws of the United States.

A dispatch says that it is doubtful if Mr. Morton will appear before the Interstate Commerce Commission when it meets in Chicago, but that all of the testimony in the matter will be done by Mr. Ripley, the president of the road. It is probable that Mr. Ripley will make about the same statement that was made by Mr. Morton several weeks ago, and will try to justify Mr. Morton's act. But whether he takes that course or not it wouldn't be surprising if the effort to get Mr. Morton out of the cabinet should be continued.

## NEWS AND VIEWS FROM STATE PAPERS.

### Broward's Private Secretary.

Governor Broward is to be congratulated on his selection of Hon. H. C. Dickinson as his private secretary. Mr. Dickinson has filled that position for four years under former Governor Jennings and was found to be admirably fitted for such duties. He understands just how to discharge the trying affairs and at the same time treat all with that true courtesy that is characteristic of such a gentleman as Mr. Dickinson is known to be. Governor Broward has an able and accomplished lieutenant at his side.—Tampa Herald.

### Preparing for Chautauqua.

It is a little over a month now before the opening of the Chautauqua, and if our town has on its best bib and tucker as it should there is quite a little to be done in the way of repairs on sidewalks, cleaning up vacant lots, etc., and one to long to do it.—DeFuniak, Breeze.

### More Money on Top.

It has been several months since some one has discovered oil in Florida. The people of the State are now satisfied to rest with the belief that there "is" oil underneath, but there is more money in something nearer the surface.—Gadsden County Times.

### Useless Tomfoolery.

All the Presidential Electors of the United States met Monday at the respective capitals of the States they represented, and solemnly ratified the choice of the voters. Some day this useless tomfoolery will be dispensed with, but not yet, for we Americans stick closely to precedent.—Jacksonville Times-Union.

### For President of Senate.

The name of Hon. Louis C. Massey has been mentioned in connection with the Presidency of the State Senate. Florida has no worthier son than he, and there are none who would or could wear the honor of the position more becomingly.—Live Oak Democrat.

### Interest in Contests.

The Legislature meets in April next, and as the time approaches, interest gathers in the contest for President of the State Senate and Speaker of the lower house. Already there are two candidates entered for the Presidency of the Senate. They are Hon. Fark Trammell of Lakeland, Senator from Polk county, and Hon. Thomas F. West of Milton, Senator from Santa Rosa county—one from the southern and one from the western part of the State. They are both young men, each being twenty-nine years of age, and are both lawyers by profession.—Plant City Courier.

### The Sikh's Five K's.

General Gordon, a British officer who has written a book on the Sikhs, the celebrated fighters of India, says that the signs by which you may know a Sikh are these: He never cuts his hair, but wears his beard looped up over his ears; he never smokes nor touches tobacco, because that is the privilege of the Mohammedan, but he is allowed to drink spirits and is a great consumer of opium. Finally, he must have about his person the five K's, which General Gordon thus enumerates: Kes, long hair of the head, as the Sikh must never cut his hair or beard; kangli, comb to secure the hair tied up in a knot on top of the head; kaceh, breeches reaching to the knee; kard, knife, and kirpan, sword.

### The Bird's Superior Eye.

The sight of birds is extraordinary, and the simple fact that the eye of a hawk and a pigeon is larger than their whole brain gives some idea of what their powers of sight must be and of how easily they can fly hundreds of miles if they have marks to guide them. Very little attention has yet been given by eye surgeons to the eye of the bird and other animals, from which so much is to be learned.—London Mail.

### Soda and Magnesia Lakes.

The soda and magnesia lakes of Wyoming are estimated to cover an area of 1,028 acres. They are found in Albany and Carbon counties and represent the beds of natural basins now nearly dry. The lakes containing sodium sulphate have an area of 708 acres, with an average depth of about five feet, which means a holding of 4,900,000 tons of soda.

### Looking Ahead.

The Sealer Partner—I don't see how you can charge the money you've spent on that impetuous young fellow up as business expenses. The Young Lawyer—That's simple enough. He has a rich uncle that is sick, and there's going to be a lovely contest over his will.

## PAPERS DELIBERATELY BEAR FALSE WITNESS.

Montgomery Journal.

The South is held up by the northern papers as a very den of iniquity. We are semi-barbarians, semi-civilized, and we lynch negroes morning, noon, and night. We do it simply as pastime. We verily revel in a carnival of crime. A great many honest and well meaning people at the north believe these stories published in their home papers under flaming headlines, and accept isolated cases of lynching as furnishing proof positive of the editorial charges made in the daily and weekly press of their section. It never occurs to them that their daily and weekly press display in flaming headlines the sins of one section and not the sins of the other. It never occurs to them that every crime committed in this section is magnified and every like crime committed in their own section either minimized or told in such a way as to not to arouse even a suspicion that human nature in the north is just the same as human nature in the south.

They bear false witness against our people and section. Not only do they attempt to mislead the northern people by magnifying the crimes of the south and by publishing all our shortcomings under large display headlines, but it has come to our knowledge that leading and representative newspapers of that section, papers that have a large and reputable southern clientele, refuse to publish statements of fact concerning alleged lynchings in the south, and the causes that lead to them—statements that do but simple justice to our people. They deliberately suppress the facts, even when given to them, and are requested to publish them by intelligent and representative people of this section. They prefer to lie—to be perfectly frank and plain, and they refuse to let their readers know the truth even when they have an opportunity to give the truth in order of deliberate falsehood.

Only yesterday the Journal reprinted from the New York Post a communication written to that paper by Edgar Gardner Murphy, in vindication of the south and protesting against that paper placing him in a false light, which knowing Mr. Murphy's popularity in its own section, sought to make him say things about his own people which he did not say, and with which he had no sympathy. What Mr. Murphy said is worthy of reprinting in part:

"I am always ready," said Mr. Murphy, "when occasion arises, to speak of such evils as may exist in our southern states. The south has nothing to fear from the full truth. But I am not willing to be put in the attitude of partisanship with an anti-southern propaganda in which the full truth is to be ignored. Injustice will never be remedied by injustice."

"I deeply value and appreciate the reference of the Evening Post to the 'candor' and 'frankness' of my statement. My fear is, however, that the one-sided nature of the quotations you select will strengthen the impression, already too prevalent at the south, that the Evening Post wishes candor and frankness only in one direction."

### Geese on the Farm.

Variety is the spice of farm life. Geese and ducks are more profitable than chickens, and yet only a few farmers raise them for market, says a correspondent of Farm and Ranch. Most people think that water fowls require water to swim in, but this is a mistake. The improved breeds require only water to drink and for an occasional bath. Geese lay three times during a year and about fourteen eggs each time. The best stock are the Embden geese and the Pekin ducks. The turkey is a great friend of the farmer. Turkeys not only afford us a pleasant feast upon the holidays, but are great insect destroyers. The bronze turkeys are preferable with most people.

### Wintering Calves.

Calves that were dropped within the last year should have good and suitable quarters by themselves during the winter. They should be fastened in a similar manner to the other animals, with the floor on which they stand of a length to correspond with their size. One or two might run in a pen loose, but where there are more it is better to have them confined. They will do better in this way, and there will be no danger of their injuring each other. Besides they become used to being handled and are more docile. They will not forget the first winter's treatment and care.—American Cultivator.

### Straw in Poultry Houses.

It is a good plan to scatter the floors of poultry houses with straw, says a Missouri farmer in American Agriculturist. It forms good scratching material and makes the floor easier to clean. Many winter days the fowls will be made to get out of their houses. If the grain is thrown in the straw it makes the hens work for the feed. Thus no separate scratching shed is necessary.

### Hens as Scavengers.

The hens save much loss on the farm by finding and appropriating material that might go to waste. There is a large annual loss of grain at times of harvesting, thrashing and bagging, and this is all saved by poultry. Small potatoes and turnips, seeds of grass and many other articles are converted into poultry and eggs.

### His Warnings.

"Did your husband ever win anything at the races?" "No," answered young Mrs. Torkins, "nothing except the esteem of the bookmakers and the sympathy of his friends."—Washington Star.

### He Gets Results.

The man who advertises most is never the one who does the kicking about results.—Baltimore American.

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Foreign and Domestic Exchange Bought and Sold. Vessels disbursed on the most favorable terms and their obligations taken payable at port of destination ten days after the vessel arrives there.  
SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT, IN CONNECTION WITH WHICH WE HAVE A PRIVATE DEPARTMENT FOR THE USE OF RENTERS.  
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT—Interest Paid on Time Deposits at rate of 4 per cent per annum.

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TRANSACTS A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.  
YOUR ACCOUNT IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

**IF YOU'RE NEARLY AT THE BOTTOM OF YOUR COAL BIN,**

Don't hesitate to phone us to refill it. These cold days call for

**GOOD, CLEAN COAL.**

OFFICE PHONE, **R. M. CARY,** YARD PHONE, No. 4.  
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DON'T YOU WANT A HOME?  
**THE STANDARD TRUST COMPANY,**  
(Incorporated)  
CAPITAL STOCK, \$500,000

issues an Investment Home Purchasing Contract, the face value of which is \$1,000. We collect on this contract \$6.00, as advance payment when the application is signed, and thereafter a monthly installment of \$6.00 payable on the 15th day of each month. When a home is purchased or a loan is made we charge only \$7.50 per month, with 4 per cent simple interest per annum, payable monthly, on each \$1,000 advanced or borrowed.

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Each contract is eligible to a Loan or Funds to purchase a Home in the sum of \$1,000 AFTER SIX (6) monthly installments of dues have been paid thereon, as per the conditions of the contract.

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Responsible Representatives Wanted.

It Will Interest and Pay You to See the Holiday Stock of

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Umbrellas, \$2.50 to \$35.  
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Jan 1

**THE FIRST OF THE YEAR**

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Calls in city or country promptly answered

## Legal Advertisements.

**NOTICE.**  
Pensacola, Fla., Jan. 12, 1905.  
All outstanding warrants against the fine and forfeiture fund of Escambia county, issued up to and including October 10, 1904, will be paid within 30 days from date of this notice. Parties holding said warrants are required to present same for payment, as all interest on these warrants cease on this date.  
J. E. WILLIAMS,  
County Treasurer.

**STOCKHOLDERS MEETING.**  
The annual meeting of the Pensacola Ice Delivery Company will be held at the office of the company on Thursday, January 12th, 1905, at 11 o'clock, a. m., for the transaction of business, election of officers, etc.  
W. R. MOORE, JR.,  
Secretary.

## AN ORDINANCE

To Be Entitled: An Ordinance to Amend an Ordinance Entitled An Ordinance to Grant a Right of Way for a Spur Track on a Certain Portion of Jefferson Street, in the City of Pensacola, Florida.

Be it ordained by the Mayor and Council of the City of Pensacola: Section 1. That Section 1 of an Ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to grant a Right of Way for a Spur Track on a certain portion of Jefferson Street," passed by the City Council of the City of Pensacola on March 22d, 1904, and approved by the Mayor of said City on April 12th, 1904, be and the same is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1. That there is hereby granted to the Gulf Machine Works, its successors and assigns, the right to construct, maintain and use a spur track extending from a point on the line of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company's tracks between Pine and Magnolia streets in a northerly direction to a point in the center of Jefferson street, thence running north along the center of Jefferson street across Magnolia street to a point on the south line of Cedar street at the intersection with Jefferson street and the further right to construct, maintain and use a spur track commencing at a point on said spur track on Jefferson street about sixty-five feet south of Magnolia street, and extending in a northerly direction along and across Jefferson and Magnolia streets to the south line of Lot 29 in block 12 of the Water Front of said city.

Sec. 2. That this ordinance shall take effect immediately upon its passage and approval.

Passed December 21st, 1904.  
Approved December 22, 1904.

T. E. WELLES, Mayor.  
C. L. SHINE, Clerk